SCINOPHARM TAIWAN, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT
JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of ScinoPharm Taiwan, Ltd.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of ScinoPharm Taiwan, Ltd. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods then ended, as well as the consolidated statements of changes in equity and of cash flows for the six-month periods then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of review

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statement of Auditing Standards No. 65, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" in the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for qualified conclusion

As explained in Note 4(3), the financial statements of certain insignificant consolidated subsidiaries and supplementary disclosures of Note 13 were not reviewed by independent auditors. Those statements reflect total assets of \$18,301 thousand and \$911,582 thousand, constituting -% and 8% of the consolidated total assets, and total liabilities of \$4,234 thousand and \$64,972 thousand, constituting -% and 4% of the consolidated total liabilities as at June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and total comprehensive income (loss) of \$575 thousand, (\$50,160) thousand, \$240 thousand and (\$99,748) thousand, constituting (2%), (11%), -% and (30%) of the consolidated total comprehensive income

for the three-month and six-month periods then ended, respectively.

Qualified conclusion

Except for the adjustments to the consolidated financial statements, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of certain insignificant subsidiaries and supplementary disclosures of Note 13 been reviewed by independent auditors as described in the Basis for qualified conclusion section above, based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at June 30, 2021 and 2020, and its consolidated financial performance for the three-month and six-month periods then ended and its consolidated cash flows for the six-month periods then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Lin, Yung-Chih

Independent Auditors

Liu, Tzu-Meng

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan Republic of China August 10, 2021

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of

China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

SCINOPHARM TAIWAN, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(The balance sheets as of June 30, 2021 and 2020 are reviewed, not audited)

	Assets	June 30, 2021 Notes AMOUNT %				December 31, 20 AMOUNT		0 June 30, 2020 % AMOUNT			
	Current assets	Notes		AMOUNT			AWOUNT			AWOUNT	_%_
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	4,104,077	34	\$	4,054,948	34	\$	3,803,140	31
1110	Financial assets at fair value	6(2)	Ψ	1,101,077	31	Ψ	1,031,710	51	Ψ	3,003,110	51
1110	through profit or loss - current	○(-)		_	_		_	_		405	_
1136	Financial assets at amortised	6(3)								100	
1100	cost - current	0(0)		43,146	_		_	_		_	_
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(4) and 12		355,494	3		386,508	3		553,999	4
1200	Other receivables			62,071	1		77,456	1		71,398	1
1220	Current income tax assets	6(26)		8,969	-		8,969	-		8,968	-
130X	Inventories	5 and 6(5)		1,448,675	12		1,245,870	11		1,299,449	11
1410	Prepayments	· • (•)		121,846	1		108,075	1		132,711	1
1476	Other financial assets - current	8 and 9		47,067	-		34,311	_		-	-
11XX	Total current assets			6,191,345	51		5,916,137	50		5,870,070	48
	Non-current assets			0,131,313			2,710,137			2,070,070	
1517	Financial assets at fair value	6(6)									
1017	through other comprehensive	0(0)									
	income - non-current			351,803	3		308,115	3		572,742	5
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(7)(9)		4,099,609	34		4,210,746	36		4,255,393	35
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(8)		621,748	5		629,886	5		631,583	5
1780	Intangible assets			7,369	-		8,900	-		10,322	-
1840	Deferred income tax assets	5 and 6(26)		600,970	5		602,979	5		614,900	5
1915	Prepayments for equipment			168,071	2		133,960	1		117,807	1
1920	Guarantee deposits paid			8,211	_		6,770	_		6,292	-
1980	Other financial assets - non-	8		0,211			0,770			0,272	
1,00	current			29,270	_		29,270	_		29,270	1
15XX	Total non-current assets			5,887,051	49		5,930,626	50		6,238,309	52
1XXX	Total assets		•	12,078,396	100	\$	11,846,763	100	\$	12,108,379	100
171/1/1	iotai assets		φ	(Continued)	100	φ	11,040,703	100	ψ	12,100,319	100

(Continued)

SCINOPHARM TAIWAN, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

(The balance sheets as of June 30, 2021 and 2020 are reviewed, not audited)

	Tinkillain and Franks	Notes	June 30, 202 AMOUNT	<u>1</u> %	December 31, 20 AMOUNT		June 30, 2020 AMOUNT	%	
	Liabilities and Equity Current liabilities	Notes	AMOUNT		AMOUNT		AWOUNT	70	
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(10)	\$ 39,958		\$ 9,494	_	\$ 33,437		
2120	Financial liabilities at fair value		Ψ 37,730		ψ , τ, τ, τ		Ψ 55,457		
2120	through profit or loss - current	0(2)	341		2,172	_	_	_	
2130	Contract liabilities - current	6(19)	92,838	1	66,846	1	63,406	1	
2150	Notes payable	0(17)	1,923	_	1,173	_	1,803	_	
2170	Accounts payable		144,507	1	159,671	1	132,853	1	
2200	Other payables	6(11)	725,070	6	362,821	3	554,618	5	
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(26)	43,966	1	67,969	1	61,940	-	
2280	Lease liabilities - current	0(20)	16,504	_	16,500	-	15,144	_	
2310	Advance receipts		1,740	_	-	_	-	_	
2320	Long-term liabilities, current	6(12) and 9	1,710						
2320	portion	0(12) una 9	_	_	_	_	227,923	2	
21XX	Total current liabilities		1,066,847	9	686,646	6	1,091,124	9	
217171	Non-current liabilities		1,000,047				1,071,124		
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(26)	_		_	_	81		
2580	Lease liabilities - non-current	0(20)	545,070	4	550,182	4	553,678	4	
2640	Net defined benefit liabilities	6(13)	78,106	1	79,232	1	81,880	1	
2645	Guarantee deposits received	0(13)	3,135	_	1,300	_	-	_	
25XX	Total non-current		3,133		1,500				
237474	liabilities		626,311	5	630,714	5	635,639	5	
2XXX	Total liabilities		1,693,158	14	1,317,360	11	1,726,763	<u>5</u>	
ZAAA	Equity attributable to owners of		1,093,138	14	1,517,500		1,720,703		
	the parent								
	Share capital								
3110	Common stock	6(14)	7,907,392	66	7,907,392	67	7,907,392	65	
3110	Capital surplus	0(14)	7,907,392	00	7,907,392	07	7,907,392	03	
3200	Capital surplus	6(15)(16)	1,294,689	10	1,294,689	11	1,294,988	10	
3200	Retained earnings	6(17)	1,294,009	10	1,294,009	11	1,294,900	10	
3310	Legal reserve	0(17)	679,074	6	634,265	5	634,265	5	
3320	Special reserve		33,043	-	67,825	1	67,825	1	
3350	Unappropriated earnings		461,129	4	658,275	6	418,790	4	
3400	Other equity interest	6(18)	9,911	-	(33,043)		58,356	1	
3XXX	Total equity	0(10)	10,385,238	86	10,529,403	89	10,381,616	86	
3717171	Significant contingent liabilities	9	10,363,236		10,327,403		10,361,010		
	and unrecognised contract	,							
	commitments								
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$ 12,078,396	100	\$ 11 QAG 7G2	100	\$ 12,108,379	100	
$JML\Lambda$	Total naminues and equity		φ 12,070,390	100	\$ 11,846,763	100	\$ 12,108,379	100	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SCINOPHARM TAIWAN, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amount)
(Reviewed, not audited)

				Three months ended June 30			Six months ended June 30								
				2021			2020			2021			2020		
	Items	Notes	A	MOUNT	%	A	MOUNT	%	Α	MOUNT	%	AM	OUNT	%	
4000	Operating revenue	6(19)	\$	747,638	100	\$	908,080	100	\$	1,388,774	100	\$ 1,	450,603	100	
5000	Operating costs	6(5)(13)(24)(2													
		5)	(410,524)	(55)	(469,938) (<u>52</u>) (686,892) (<u>49</u>) (768,109)	(<u>53</u>)	
5900	Net operating margin			337,114	<u>45</u>		438,142	48		701,882	51		682,494	47	
	Operating expenses	6(8)(13)(24)(2													
6100	Calling averages	5), 7 and 12	,	25 250)	(5)	,	55 004) (6) (69 460) (00 045)	(6)	
6200	Selling expenses General and administrative		(35,358)	(5)	(55,994) (6) (68,469) (5)(90,045)	(6)	
0200	expenses		(132,492)	(17)	(129,779) (14) (263,999) (19) (246,984)	(17)	
6300	Research and development	,	(132,492)	(17)	(129,779) (14)(203,999) (19)(240,704)	17)	
0500	expenses		(58,476)	(8)	(45,910) (5)(148,285) (11) (93,197)	(6)	
6450	Gain on reversal of (expected	•	(50, 170)	(0)	(15,710) (5)(110,203)(. 11)(,,,,,,,	(0)	
0.20	credit losses)		(16)	_		1,308	- (4)	_		157	_	
6000	Total operating expenses		<u>`</u>	226,342)	(30)	(230,375) (25) (_	480,757) (35) (430,069)	(29)	
6900	Operating profit		`	110,772	15		207,767	23	_	221,125	16		252,425	18	
	Non-operating income and			110,772			201,101		_	221,123			202,120		
	expenses														
7100	Interest income	6(3)(20)		5,030	1		6,654	1		10,534	1		14,846	1	
7010	Other income	6(21)		2,523	_		2,232	-		7,361	_		4,376	-	
7020	Other gains and losses	6(2)(9)(22)													
		and 12	(5,030)	(1)	(9,280)(1)(11,258) (1)(11,141)	(1)	
7050	Finance costs	6(8)(23)	()	1,629)		(4,332)(1)(·	3,293)	(8,595)		
7000	Total non-operating income														
	and expenses			894		(4,726) (1)		3,344	(514)		
7900	Profit before income tax			111,666	15		203,041	22		224,469	16		251,911	18	
7950	Income tax expense	6(26)	()	20,967)	(<u>3</u>)	(40,942) (4) (43,532) (3) (54,456)	(4)	
8200	Profit for the period		\$	90,699	12	\$	162,099	18	\$	180,937	13	\$	197,455	14	
	Other comprehensive income														
	(loss)														
	Components of other														
	comprehensive income (loss)														
	that will not be reclassified to														
	profit or loss														
8316	Unrealised (losses) gains from														
	equity instruments measured at														
	fair value through other		<i>(</i>	105 570)	(14)	ф	224 022	20	ф	00 (44		ф	104.065	10	
	comprehensive income		(\$	105,579)	(14)	\$	324,833	36	\$	89,644	6	\$	184,065	12	
	Components of other comprehensive loss that will be														
	reclassified to profit or loss														
8361	Financial statements	6(18)													
0501	translation differences of	0(10)													
	foreign operations		(15,937)	(2)	(30,977) (4) (19,376) (1)(46,731)	(3)	
8300	Total other comprehensive		`	13,731	()		<u> </u>		_	17,570			10,731		
0200	(loss) income for the period		(\$	121,516)	(<u>16</u>)	\$	293,856	32	\$	70,268	5	\$	137,334	9	
8500	Total comprehensive (loss)		4	, , , , ,	`	<u> </u>	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		<u> </u>	, , , , , , ,					
	income for the period		(\$	30,817)	(4)	\$	455,955	50	\$	251,205	18	\$	334,789	23	
	Profit attributable to:		4	,	`——	<u> </u>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		.,,		
8610	Owners of the parent		\$	90,699	12	\$	162,099	18	\$	180,937	13	\$	197,455	14	
0010	Comprehensive (loss) income		Ψ	70,077	12	Ψ	102,000	10	Ψ	100,737		Ψ	177,133		
	attributable to:														
8710	Owners of the parent		(\$	30,817)	(4)	\$	455,955	50	\$	251,205	18	\$	334,789	23	
J, 10	o or the parent	,	ν <u>Ψ</u>	50,017)	`	Ψ	100,700	50	Ψ	221,202	10	Ψ	1,107		
	Earnings per share (in dollars)	6(27)													
9750	Basic	0(27)	\$		0.11	\$		0.20	\$		0.23	\$		0.25	
9850	Diluted		Φ		0.11	\$		0.20	\$		0.23	ψ (t		0.25	
7030	Diluica		φ		0.11	φ		U.ZU	φ		0.23	φ		0.23	

SCINOPHARM TAIWAN, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (Reviewed, not audited)

Equity attributable to owners of the parent Retained Earnings Other Equity Interest Unrealised gains (losses) from financial Financial statements assets measured at fair Share capital translation differences value through other Notes common stock Capital reserve Legal reserve Special reserve Unappropriated earnings of foreign operations comprehensive income Total equity Six months ended June 30, 2020 7,907,392 Balance at January 1, 2020 1,294,605 612,600 22,829 490,344 98,117) 30,291 10,259,944 Net income for the six-month period ended June 30, 197,455 197,455 Other comprehensive (loss) income for the six-month6(6)(18) period ended June 30, 2020 46,731) 184,065 137,334 Total comprehensive income (loss) for the six-month period ended June 30,202046,731) 197,455 334,789 184,065 Distribution of 2019 net income: Legal reserve 21,665 21,665) Special reserve 44,996 44,996) Cash dividends 6(17) 213,500) 213,500) Employee stock option compensation cost 6(15)(16) 383 383 Disposal of equity instruments at fair value through 6(6)(18) other comprehensive income 11,152 11,152) Balance at June 30, 2020 7,907,392 1,294,988 634,265 67,825 418,790 203,204 10,381,616 144,848 Six months ended June 30, 2021 Balance at January 1, 2021 7,907,392 1,294,689 634,265 67,825 658,275 75,611) 42,568 10,529,403 Net income for the six-month period ended June 30, 180,937 180,937 Other comprehensive (loss) income for the six-month6(6)(18) period ended June 30, 2021 19,376) 89,644 70,268 Total comprehensive income (loss) for the six-month period ended June 30, 2021 180,937 19,376) 89,644 251,205 Distribution of 2020 net income: Legal reserve 44,809 44,809) Cash dividends 6(17) 395,370) 395,370) Reversal of special reserve 34,782) 34,782 Disposal of equity instruments at fair value through 6(6)(18) other comprehensive income 27,314 27,314) Balance at June 30, 2021 7,907,392 1,294,689 679,074 33,043 461,129 94,987) 104,898 10,385,238

SCINOPHARM TAIWAN, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (Reviewed, not audited)

			Six months ende	ended June 30		
	Notes		2021	2020		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax Adjustments Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)		\$	224,469	\$ 251,911		
(Gain) loss on valuation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Gain on reversal of) expected credit losses (Reversal of allowance for) inventory market	12 6(5)	(1,831)	2,515 157)		
price decline Provision for obsolescence of supplies Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and	6(7)(24) 6(8)(24) 6(22)	(27,694) 1,213 181,198 7,371	11,211 3,654 185,392 7,398		
equipment Gain on reversal of impairment loss Amortisation Employee stock option compensation cost Interest income	6(7)(9)(22) 6(24) 6(15)(16) 6(20)	(113 (- (3,788 - 10,534) (123) 29) 5,317 383 14,846)		
Interest expense Changes in operating assets and liabilities Changes in operating assets Accounts receivable Other receivables	6(23)		3,293 31,010 17,690 (8,595 36,494 3,548)		
Inventories Prepayments Changes in operating liabilities Contract liabilities - current		(174,185) (15,115) (25,992	184,255) 5,177)		
Notes payable Accounts payable Other payables Advance receipts		(750 15,164) 11,972) 1,740	450 31,835 15,568		
Net defined benefit liabilities - non-current Cash inflow generated from operations Interest received Interest paid		(1,126) (_241,010 8,229 3,266) (302) 359,707 18,147 8,131)		
Income tax paid Net cash flows from operating activities		<u></u>	65,526) (180,447	1,797 367,926		

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SCINOPHARM TAIWAN, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

(Reviewed, not audited)

			nded June 30			
	Notes		2021		2020	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Increase in financial assets at amortised cost -						
current		(\$	226,334)	(\$	172,488)	
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at						
amortised cost - current			182,808		344,977	
Increase in other financial assets - current		(12,756)		-	
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair	6(6)					
value through other comprehensive income			45,956		26,533	
Cash paid for acquisition of property, plant and	6(28)					
equipment		(66,024)	(26,074)	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and						
equipment			203		135	
Acquisition of intangible assets		(2,287)	(1,667)	
Increase in prepayments for equipment		(72,650)	(53,282)	
(Increase) decrease in guarantee deposits paid		(1,441)		4,709	
Net cash flows (used in) from investing						
activities		(152,525)		122,843	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings	6(29)		30,464	(54,906)	
Repayment of the principal portion of lease	6(29)					
liabilities		(5,115)	(4,932)	
Increase in long-term borrowings	6(29)		-		88,906	
Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received	6(29)		1,835	(87)	
Net cash flows from financing activities			27,184		28,981	
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		(5,977)	(21,588)	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1-	49,129	1	498,162	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	6(1)		4,054,948		3,304,978	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	6(1)	\$	4,104,077	\$	3,803,140	
	` /		, ,		· · · · ·	

SCINOPHARM TAIWAN, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated) (Reviewed, not audited)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANISATION

- (1) ScinoPharm Taiwan, Ltd. (the Company) was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.) on November 11, 1997. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are primarily engaged in the manufacture of western medicines and other chemical materials, biological technology services, intellectual property rights, international trade and research, development and manufacture of Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients ("API"), albumin medicines, oligonucleotide medicines, peptide medicines, injections and new small molecule drugs, as well as the provision of related consulting and technical services.
- (2) The common shares of the Company have been listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange since September 2011.
- (3) Uni-President Enterprises Corp., the Company's ultimate parent company, holds 37.94% equity interest in the Company.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION

These consolidated financial statements were authorised for issuance by the Board of Directors on August 10, 2021.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting

Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2021 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standard Board (IASB)
Amendments to IFRS 4, 'Extension of the temporary exemption from applying IFRS 9'	January 1, 2021
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16, 'Interest	January 1, 2021
Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2' Amendment to IFRS 16, 'Covid-19 - related rent concessions beyond	April 1, 2021 (Note)
30 June 2021'	

Note: Earlier application from January 1, 2021 is allowed by the FSC.

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2022 are as follows:

	Effective date by
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	IASB
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment: proceeds	January 1, 2022
before intended use'	
Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts - cost of fulfilling a contract'	January 1, 2022
Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020	January 1, 2022

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	IASB
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	IASB
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction'	January 1, 2023

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and IAS 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting' as endorsed by the FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
 - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.
 - (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture.

Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

		Per	centage owned by Company	the		
Name of	Name of	Business	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	
Investors	Subsidiaries	activities	2021	2020	2020	Note
ScinoPharm Taiwan, Ltd.	SPT International, Ltd.	Professional investment	100.00	100.00	100.00	(Note 1)
ScinoPharm Taiwan, Ltd.	ScinoPharm Singapore Pte Ltd.	Professional investment	100.00	100.00	100.00	(Note 2)
SPT International, Ltd.	SciAnda (Kunshan) Biochemical Technology Ltd.	Research, development and manufacture of API and new drugs, etc.	-	-	100.00	(Notes 1 and 3)
SPT International, Ltd.	SciAnda (Changshu) Pharmaceuticals, Ltd.	Research, development and manufacture of API and new drugs, sale of self-produced products, etc.	100.00	100.00	100.00	(Notes 1 and 3)
SPT International, Ltd.	SciAnda Shanghai Biochemical Technology, Ltd.	Import, export and sales of API and intermediates, etc.	100.00	100.00	100.00	(Note 2)

- Note 1: The financial statements of the entity as of and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 were not reviewed by independent auditors as the entity did not meet the definition of a significant subsidiary.
- Note 2: The financial statements of the entity as of and for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 were not reviewed by independent auditors as the entity did not meet the definition of a significant subsidiary.
- Note 3: In order to integrate the Group's resources and improve management efficiency, on November 1, 2019, the Company's Board of Directors has resolved to conduct an

organisational restructuring through the short form merger of SciAnda (Changshu) Pharmaceuticals, Ltd. and SciAnda (Kunshan) Biochemical Technology, Ltd., with SciAnda (Changshu) Pharmaceuticals, Ltd. as the surviving company, and SciAnda (Kunshan) Biochemical Technology, Ltd. as the dissolved company. The registration was approved by the competent authority on August 18, 2020.

The financial statements of certain insignificant subsidiaries were consolidated based on their unreviewed financial statements as of and for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020. Total assets of these subsidiaries amounted to \$18,301 and \$911,582, representing —% and 8% of the related consolidated totals, and total liabilities amounted to \$4,234 and \$64,972, representing —% and 4% of the related consolidated totals, as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Total comprehensive income (loss) of these subsidiaries amounted to \$575, (\$50,160), \$240 and (\$99,748), constituting (2%), (11%), —% and (30%) of the related consolidated totals for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in NTD, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

(d) All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within "other gains and losses".

B. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities, associates and joint arrangements that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
 - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
 - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, if the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to pay off liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be paid off within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be paid off within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

A. Cash equivalents refer to short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

B. Time deposits and bills under repurchase agreements that meet the above criteria and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitment in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.
- D. The Group recognises the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value. The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(9) Financial assets at amortised cost

- A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.

D. The Group's structured deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial. Time deposits pledged to others as collateral conform to financial assets at amortised cost definition, and were classified as other financial assets.

(10) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(11) Impairment of financial assets

For financial assets at amortised cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(12) <u>Derecognition of financial assets</u>

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(13) <u>Inventories</u>

The standard cost method is applied, and cost is determined using the weighted-average cost method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses. When the cost of inventories exceeds the realisable value, the amount of any write-down of inventories is recognised as cost of sales during the period and the amount of any reversal of inventory write-down is recognised as a reduction in the cost sales during the period.

(14) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

- C. Except for land, other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. If each component of property, plant and equipment is significant, it is depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end date. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Assets	Est	ful lives		
Buildings and structures	2	\sim	35	years
Machinery and equipment	2	\sim	12	years
Transportation equipment	2	\sim	5	years
Office equipment	2	\sim	9	years
Other equipment	2	\sim	19	years

(15) Intangible assets

Professional skills and computer software, etc. are stated at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of $3 \sim 5$ years.

(16) Leasing arrangements (lessee) — right-of-use assets/lease liabilities

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable. The Group subsequently measures the lease liabilities at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.
- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost under the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability. The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall remeasure the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of right-of use assets to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognise the difference in profit or loss.

(17) <u>Impairment of non-financial assets</u>

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss shall be reversed to the extent of the loss previously recognised in profit or loss. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.

(18) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(19) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial liabilities are classified in this category of held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorised as financial liabilities held for trading unless they are designated as hedges or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are designated as at fair value through profit or loss at initial recognition:
 - (a) Hybrid (combined) contracts; or
 - (b) They eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency; or
 - (c) They are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management policy.
- B. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial liabilities at fair value. All related transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures these financial liabilities at fair value with any gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

(20) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(21) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(22) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(23) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expenses in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

(a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expenses when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(b) Defined benefit plans

- i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and term of the employment benefit obligations.
- ii.Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise, and recorded as retained earnings.
- iii. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. Also, the related information is disclosed accordingly.

C. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration are recognised as expenses and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the

subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employees' compensation is distributed by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the closing market price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(24) Employee share-based payment

For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date, and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-market vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognised is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

(25) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Group operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred income tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance

sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed.

- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.

(26) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(27) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(28) Revenue recognition

A. Sales of goods

- (a) The Group manufactures and sells API, intermediates, etc. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- (b) Revenue is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of the sales returns and discounts. Accumulated experience is used to estimate and provide for the sales returns and discounts, using the expected value method, and revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. The estimation is subject to an assessment at each reporting date. As the time interval between the transfer of committed goods or service and the payment of customer does not exceed one year, the Group does not adjust the transaction price to reflect the time value of money.
- (c) A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

B. Sales of services

- (a) The Group provides technology development and consultation services. Revenue from providing services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. For fixed-price contracts, revenue is recognised based on the service rendered up to the end of the reporting period as a proportion of the total services to be provided. The customer pays at the time specified in the payment schedule. If the services rendered exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognised. If the payments exceed the services rendered, a contract liability is recognised.
- (b) The Group's estimate about revenue, costs and progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is subject to a revision whenever there is a change in circumstances. Any increase or decrease in revenue or costs due to an estimate revision is reflected in profit or loss during the period when the management becomes aware of the changes in circumstances.

C. Incremental costs of obtaining a contract

Given that the contractual period lasts less than one year, the Group recognises the incremental costs (mainly comprised of sales commissions) of obtaining a contract as an expense when incurred although the Group expects to recover those costs.

(29) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

(30) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker. The Chief Operating Decision-Maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY</u>

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, and the related information is addressed below:

(1) <u>Critical judgments in applying the Group's accounting policies</u> None.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

A. Evaluation of inventories

- (a) As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, the Group must determine the net realisable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. As the manufacturing process is relatively complicated and time consuming, materials require longer lead time, the waiting period for product registration is long, and the timing of product launch may be deferred, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realisable value. Since the calculation of net realisable value involves subjective judgement and the ending balance of inventory is material to the financial statements, there might be material changes to the evaluation.
- (b) As of June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of inventories was \$1,448,675.
- B. Realisability of deferred income tax assets
 - (a) Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Assessment of the realisability of deferred income tax assets involves critical accounting judgments and estimates of the management, including the assumptions of expected future sales revenue growth rate and profit rate, tax exempt duration, available tax credits, tax planning, etc. Any variations in global economic environment, industrial environment, and laws and regulations might cause material adjustments to deferred income tax assets.
- (b) As of June 30, 2021, the Group recognised deferred income tax assets amounting to \$600,970. 6. <u>DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS</u>

(1) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	June 30, 2021 I		<u>December 31, 2020</u>		June 30, 2020	
Cash:						
Cash on hand	\$	151	\$	149	\$	117
Checking accounts and demand						
deposits		170,487		231,402		574,684
		170,638		231,551		574,801
Cash equivalents:						
Time deposits		3,763,500		3,593,500		2,943,500
Bills under repurchase agreements		169,939		229,897		284,839
		3,933,439		3,823,397		3,228,339
	\$	4,104,077	\$	4,054,948	\$	3,803,140

A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

- B. Part of the Group's bank deposits (listed as "Other Financial Assets Current") are subject to provisional attachment due to the contract disputes. Please refer to Notes 8 and 9 for details.
- C. Details of the Group's time deposits pledged to others as collateral (listed as "Other financial assets non-current") as of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020 are provided in Notes 8.

(2) FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

Items	June	30, 2021	Dece	mber 31, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2020
Current items:						
Financial liabilities mandatorily						
measured at fair value through profit						
or loss						
Derivatives	(\$	341)	(\$	2,172)	\$	405
Non-current items:						
Financial assets mandatorily measured						
at fair value through profit or loss						
Unlisted stocks	\$	4,620	\$	4,620	\$	4,620
Valuation adjustment	(4,620)	(4,620)	(4,620)
	\$		\$		\$	_

- A. The Group recognised net gain (loss) of \$5,803, \$1,966, (\$1,694) and (\$1,345) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (listed as "Other gains and losses") for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.
- B. The Group entered into contracts relating to derivative financial liabilities which were not accounted for under hedge accounting. The information is listed below (Units in thousands of currencies indicated):

), 2021				
Items		Contrac	et amount	Contract period		
Forward foreign exchange contracts		USD	8,780	4.2021~9.2021		
			December	31, 2020		
Items		Contrac	et amount	Contract period		
Forward foreign exchange contracts		USD	11,545	11.2020~4.2021		
		June 30, 2020				
Items		Contrac	Contract period			
Forward foreign exchange contracts		USD	6,170	5.2020~9.2020		

The Group entered into forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge exchange rate risk of operating activities. However, these forward foreign exchange contracts are not accounted for under hedge accounting.

C. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others as of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020.

(3) FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST - CURRENT

Items	June 3	0, 2021	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	June 30, 2020			
Structured deposits	\$	43,146	\$ -	\$ -			

- A. The Group entered into structured deposits, which are guaranteed yield financial products, with financial institutions.
- B. The Group recognised interest income of \$401, \$-, \$1,068 and \$1,344 from financial assets at amortised cost for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.
- C. The Group has no financial assets at amortised cost pledged to others as of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020.
- D. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at amortised cost is provided in Note 12(2).

(4) ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

	Jur	ne 30, 2021	Dece	mber 31, 2020	_Ju	ine 30, 2020
Accounts receivable	\$	355,537	\$	386,547	\$	554,100
Less: Loss allowance	(43)	(39)	(101)
	<u>\$</u>	355,494	\$	386,508	\$	553,999

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable is as follows:

	Jun	e 30, 2021	Decei	mber 31, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2020
Not past due	\$	324,670	\$	348,817	\$	447,234
Less than 30 days		27,761		29,608		102,774
Between 31 to 90 days		3,106		8,122		4,092
	\$	355,537	\$	386,547	\$	554,100

The above ageing analysis is based on past due date.

- B. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, accounts receivable arose from contracts with customers. As of January 1, 2020, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$590,594.
- C. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the Group does not hold any collateral as security.
- D. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's accounts receivable is the book value.
- E. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

(5) <u>INVENTORIES</u>

			Ju	ne 30, 2021								
			Al	lowance for								
		Cost	t market price decline			Book value						
Raw materials	\$	\$ 371,994		62,950)	\$	309,044						
Supplies		36,971	(2,175)		34,796						
Work in process		425,233	(78,607)		346,626						
Finished goods		983,396	(225,187)		758,209						
	\$	1,817,594	(\$	368,919)	\$	1,448,675						
	December 31, 2020											
		Allowance for										
		Cost	marke	et price decline		Book value						
Raw materials	\$	409,019	(\$	60,492)	\$	348,527						
Supplies		33,636	(3,740)		29,896						
Work in process		422,813	(94,898)		327,915						
Finished goods		777,941	(238,409)		539,532						
	\$	1,643,409	(<u>\$</u>	397,539)	\$	1,245,870						
			Ju	ne 30, 2020								
			Al	lowance for								
		Cost	marke	et price decline		Book value						
Raw materials	\$	410,626	(\$	59,898)	\$	350,728						
Supplies		31,046	(5,268)		25,778						
Work in process		518,766	(84,044)		434,722						
Finished goods		819,267	(331,046)		488,221						
	\$	1,779,705	(\$	480,256)	\$	1,299,449						

The Group recognised expense and loss of inventories for the period:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,									
		2021	2020							
Cost of goods sold	\$	346,895 \$	385,896							
Loss on physical inventory		109	213							
Under applied manufacturing overhead		58,756	62,121							
(Reversal of allowance for) inventory										
market price decline (Note)	(2,887)	10,251							
Revenue from sale of scraps	(704) (524)							
Total cost of goods sold	\$	402,169 \$	457,957							

	For	the six-month periods	s ended June 30,			
		2021	2020			
Cost of goods sold	\$	595,591 \$	600,944			
Loss (gain) on physical inventory		250 (113)			
Loss on scrap inventory		33	310			
Under applied manufacturing overhead		107,830	136,273			
(Reversal of allowance for) inventory						
market price decline (Note)	(27,694)	11,211			
Revenue from sale of scraps	(5,422) (834)			
Total cost of goods sold	\$	670,588 \$	747,791			

Note: The Group reversed a previous inventory write-down which was accounted for as reduction of cost of goods sold because certain inventory which were previously provided with allowance were again utilised in the research and development project or in production for the three-month and six-month period ended June 30, 2021.

(6) <u>FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME - NON-CURRENT</u>

Items	Jun	June 30, 2021		mber 31, 2020	June 30, 2020			
Equity instruments								
Listed stocks	\$	79,232	\$	97,874	\$	201,865		
Unlisted stocks		167,673		167,673		167,673		
		246,905		265,547		369,538		
Valuation adjustment		104,898		42,568		203,204		
	\$	351,803	\$	308,115	\$	572,742		

- A. The Group has elected to classify investments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments is the book value as of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020.
- B. Due to the change in investment strategies, the Group sold \$45,956 and \$26,533 of equity instruments at fair value resulting in cumulative gain on disposal of \$27,314 and \$11,152 which was reclassified to retained earnings during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.
- C. Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

Equity instruments at fair value through other	For the three-month periods ended June 30,								
comprehensive income		2021	2020						
Fair value change recognised in other comprehensive income	(\$	105,579)	\$	324,833					
Cumulative gains reclassified to									
retained earnings due to derecognition	\$	13,236	\$	11,152					

Equity instruments at fair value through other	For the six-month periods ended June 30,								
comprehensive income		2021	2020						
Fair value change recognised in other comprehensive income	\$	89,644	\$	184,065					
Cumulative gains reclassified to retained earnings due to derecognition	\$	27,314	\$	11,152					

D. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others as of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020.

(7) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

January 1, 2021		Buildings		achinery and equipment		nsportation quipment		Office equipment		Other equipment		Construction in progress and quipment before acceptance inspection		Total
Cost	\$	3,517,543	\$	5,205,877	\$	24,323	\$	223,747	\$	149,523	\$	1,051,651	\$	10,172,664
Accumulated depreciation	(1,389,502)	(4,233,361)	(23,235)	(183,951)	(126,838)		-	(5,956,887)
Accumulated impairment	_		(5,031)		_			_				(5,031)
•	\$	2,128,041	\$	967,485	\$	1,088	\$	39,796	\$	22,685	\$	1,051,651	\$	4,210,746
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2021														
At January 1	\$	2,128,041	\$	967,485	\$	1,088	\$	39,796	\$	22,685	\$	1,051,651	\$	4,210,746
Additions		-		1,497		1,084		42		-		42,225		44,848
Reclassified from prepayments														
for equipment		-		-		_		_		-		38,037		38,037
Reclassified upon completion		566		45,944		-		3,789		386	(50,685)		-
Depreciation charge	(70,783)	(101,219)	(175)	(6,570)	(2,451)		-	(181,198)
Disposals—Cost		-	(2,161)	(1,709)	(13,386)	(601)		-	(17,857)
— Accumulated depreciation		-		2,161		1,538		13,301		541		-		17,541
Net currency exchange differences	(8,581)	(3,578)	(15)	(110)	(_	218)	(6)	(12,508)
At June 30	\$	2,049,243	\$	910,129	\$	1,811	\$	36,862	\$	20,342	\$	1,081,222	\$	4,099,609
June 30, 2021			-						_					
Cost	\$	3,507,059	\$	5,244,002	\$	23,629	\$	213,508	\$	147,686	\$	1,081,222	\$	10,217,106
Accumulated depreciation	(1,457,816)	(4,328,842)	(21,818)		176,646)	(127,344)		-	(6,112,466)
Accumulated impairment			(5,031)					_			<u> </u>	<u>(</u> _	5,031)
•	\$	2,049,243	\$	910,129	\$	1,811	\$	36,862	\$	20,342	\$	1,081,222	\$	4,099,609

Construction in progress and equipment before

			Machinery and	Tra	insportation		Office		Other		acceptance		
<u>January 1, 2020</u>		Buildings	equipment	e	equipment	e	quipment	e	quipment		inspection		Total
Cost	\$	3,495,743	5,186,449	\$	25,505	\$	229,037	\$	147,692	\$	1,013,708	\$	10,098,134
Accumulated depreciation	(1,243,381) (4,080,498)	(24,412) (186,532)	(120,138)		-	(5,654,961)
Accumulated impairment		- (9,284)				<u>15</u>)	(<u>14</u>)		_	(9,313)
	\$	2,252,362	1,096,667	\$	1,093	\$	42,490	\$	27,540	\$	1,013,708	\$	4,433,860
For the six-month period ended	· <u> </u>								_				_
June 30, 2020													
At January 1	\$	2,252,362	1,096,667	\$	1,093	\$	42,490	\$	27,540	\$	1,013,708	\$	4,433,860
Additions		-	970		-		91		-		16,723		17,784
Reclassified from prepayments													
for equipment		-	-		-		_		-		20,533		20,533
Reclassified upon completion		4,168	18,190		-		6,881		224	(29,463)		-
Depreciation charge	(71,953) (102,234)	(106) (8,302)	(2,797)		-	(185,392)
Disposals—Cost		- (23,471)		- ((18,191)	(88)		-	(41,750)
— Accumulated depreciation		-	23,471		-		18,188		79		-		41,738
Reversal of impairment loss		-	-		-		15		14		-		29
Net currency exchange differences	(20,794) (9,741)	(<u> </u>		223)	(627)	(7)	(31,409)
At June 30	\$	2,163,783	1,003,852	\$	970	\$	40,949	\$	24,345	\$	1,021,494	\$	4,255,393
June 30, 2020	! 											_	
Cost	\$	3,474,506	5,165,768	\$	25,332	\$	216,302	\$	144,093	\$	1,021,494	\$	10,047,495
Accumulated depreciation	(1,310,723) (4,152,632)	(24,362) (175,353)	(119,748)		-	(5,782,818)
Accumulated impairment		- (9,284)									(9,284)
1	\$	2,163,783	1,003,852	\$	970	\$	40,949	\$	24,345	\$	1,021,494	\$	4,255,393

- A. The Group has not capitalised borrowing costs as part of property, plant and equipment for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.
- B. The Group's property, plant and equipment were owner-occupied for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.
- C. Information about impairment loss and reversal of impairment on property, plant and equipment is provided in Note 6(9).
- D. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the Group has not pledged any property, plant and equipment as collateral.

(8) <u>LEASING ARRANGEMENTS – LESSEE</u>

- A. The Group leases land and buildings and structures. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 50 (including the option to extend the leases) and 2 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less pertain to office premises and low-value assets pertain to computers.
- C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	June 30, 2021 December 31, 2020		June 30, 2020			
	Carrying amount		Carr	ying amount	Carrying amount	
Land	\$	620,055	\$	627,523	\$	631,583
Buildings and structures	-	1,693	-	2,363		
	\$	621,748	\$	629,886	\$	631,583
			For th	e three-month p	eriods e	nded June 30,
				2021		2020
			Depre	ciation charge	Depre	ciation charge
Land			\$	3,344	\$	3,694
Buildings and structures				339		
			\$	3,683	\$	3,694
			For t	he six-month pe	eriods en	ded June 30,
				2021		2020
			Depre	ciation charge	Depre	ciation charge
Land			\$	6,694	\$	7,398
Buildings and structures				677		
			\$	7,371	\$	7,398

D. The information on income and expense accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,					
		2021	2020			
Items affecting profit or loss						
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	1,589	\$	1,809		
Expense on short-term lease contracts		254		467		
Expense on leases of low-value assets		720		344		
	For the six-month periods ended June 30,					
		2021		2020		
Items affecting profit or loss						
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	3,186	\$	3,625		
Expense on short-term lease contracts		465		1,017		
Expense on leases of low-value assets		952		600		

E. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$9,718 and \$10,174, respectively.

(9) IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

- A. The Group recognised the reversal of impairment loss amounting to \$-, \$-, \$- and \$29 for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively (listed as "Other gains and losses") as some of the idle machineries were again utilised in production. For details of accumulated impairment, please refer to Note 6(7).
- B. The reversal of impairment loss reported by operating segments is as follows:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,					
	2021		2020			
	Recognised in	Recognised in other comprehensive	Recognised in	Recognised in other comprehensive		
Segments	profit or loss	income	profit or loss	income		
SciAnda (Changshu)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
		For the six-month pe	riods ended June	e 30,		
		2021		2020		
		Recognised in other		Recognised in other		
	Recognised in	comprehensive	Recognised in	comprehensive		
Segments	profit or loss	income	profit or loss	income		
SciAnda (Changshu)	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ 29	\$ -		

(10) SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

Type of borrowings	June	e 30, 2021	Interest rate	Collateral
Bank loans				
Unsecured loans	\$	39,958	0.57%	None
Type of borrowings	Decem	ber 31, 2020	Interest rate	Collateral
Bank loans				
Unsecured loans	\$	9,494	0.79%	None
Type of borrowings	June	e 30, 2020	Interest rate	Collateral
Bank loans				
Unsecured loans	\$	33,437	3.80%	None

Please refer to Note 6(23) for interest expense recognised in profit or loss for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

(11) OTHER PAYABLES

	Jun	June 30, 2021		December 31, 2020		June 30, 2020	
Accrued salaries and bonuses	\$	79,870	\$	82,764	\$	73,072	
Accrued employees' compensation							
and directors' remuneration		33,680		43,210		32,468	
Payables on equipment		38,531		59,707		39,858	
Cash dividends payable		395,370		-		213,500	
Others		177,619		177,140		195,720	
	\$	725,070	\$	362,821	\$	554,618	

(12) LONG-TERM BORROWINGS

Type of borrowings	Borrowing period	June	30, 2020	Interest rate	Collateral
Long-term bank loans					
Secured bank loans	CNY 54,349 thousand	\$	227,923	3.85%	Guaranteed by the Company
	9.30.2019~				
	5.16.2021				
Less: Current portion		(227,923)		
		\$			

There is no such situation as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

Please refer to Note 6(23) for interest expense recognised in profit or loss for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

(13) PENSIONS

- A. The Company has set up a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, which applies to all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act (the "Act") on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be covered under the pension scheme of the Labor Standards Law after the enforcement of the Act. In accordance with the Company's retirement plan, an employee may retire when the employee either (i) attains the age of 55 with 15 years of service, (ii) has more than 25 years of service, (iii) has reached the age of 65, or (iv) is incapacitated to work (compulsory retirement). The employees earn two units for each year of service for the first 15 years, and one unit for each additional year thereafter up to a maximum of 45 units. Any fraction of a year equal to or more than six months shall be counted as one year of service, and any fraction of a year less than six months shall be counted as half a year. According to the provisions, employees who retired due to their duties shall get additional 20%. Pension payments are based on the number of units earned and the average salary of the last six months prior to retirement. Calculation of average salary is in accordance with the Labor Standards Law of the R.O.C. The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is not enough to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company will make contribution for the deficit by end of March next year.
 - (a) The pension costs under the aforementioned defined benefit pension plan of the Company for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 were \$200, \$567, \$400 and \$1,135, respectively.
 - (b) As of June 30, 2021, the Company's expected contributions to the pension plan for the next annual reporting period amounted to \$2,966.
- B. As a result of the enforcement of the Act, the Company set up a defined contribution pension plan which took effect on July 1, 2005. The local employees are eligible for the defined contribution plan. For employees who choose to be covered under the pension scheme of the Act, the Company contributes monthly an amount of not less than 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. Pensions are paid by monthly installments or in lump sum based on the accumulated balances of the employees' individual pension accounts. The subsidiaries in Mainland China (SciAnda (Kunshan) Biochemical Technology, Ltd., SciAnda (Changshu) Pharmaceuticals, Ltd., and SciAnda Shanghai Biochemical Technology, Ltd.) are subject to a government sponsored defined contribution plan. In accordance with the related Laws of the People's Republic of China, the subsidiaries in Mainland China contribute monthly 18% of the employees' monthly salaries and

wages to an independent fund administered by the government. Other than the monthly contributions, these subsidiaries do not have further obligations. The other subsidiaries, SPT International, Ltd. and ScinoPharm Singapore Pte Ltd., had no employees. For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the pension costs recognised under the aforementioned defined contribution pension plans were \$8,664, \$5,810, \$16,950 and \$13,004, respectively.

(14) SHARE CAPITAL

A. Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows (in thousands of shares):

	For the six-month periods ended June 30				
	2021	2020			
At January 1 and June 30	790,739	790,739			

B. As of June 30, 2021, the Company's authorised capital was \$10,000,000 and the paid-in capital was \$7,907,392 (790,739 thousand shares) with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

(15) CAPITAL RESERVES

- A. Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital reserve arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations shall be exclusively used to cover accumulated deficit or, distribute cash or stocks in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the capital reserve to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital reserve should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.
- B. Movements on the Company's capital reserve are as follows:

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2021						
	Share premium		Sto	ck options	Total		
At January 1 and June 30	\$	1,246,972	\$	47,717	\$	1,294,689	
	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020						
	Share premium		Stock options		Total		
At January 1	\$	1,245,682	\$	48,923	\$	1,294,605	
Employee stock options							
compensation cost							
- Company				383		383	
At June 30	\$	1,245,682	\$	49,306	\$	1,294,988	

(16) SHARE-BASED PAYMENT – EMPLOYEES' COMPENSATION

A. The Company issued 1 million units, 1.5 million units and 1.5 million units of employee stock options on December 3, 2013, November 6, 2015 and October 14, 2016, respectively (the 'Grant Date'). The exercise price of the options was set at \$91.70 (in dollars), \$41.65 (in dollars) and

\$40.55 (in dollars), respectively, which was based on the closing market price of the Company's common shares on the Grant Dates. Each option gives the holder the right to purchase one share of the Company's common stocks. The exercise price is subject to further adjustments when there is a change in the number of shares of the Company's common stocks after the Grant Date. (As of June 30, 2021, for the issued 1 million units, 1.5 million units and 1.5 million units of employee stock options, the exercise price was adjusted based on the specific formula to \$74.50 (in dollars) per share, \$37.20 (in dollars) per share and \$37.70 (in dollars) per share, respectively.) Contract period of the employee stock option plans is 10 years, and options are exercisable in 2 years after the Grant Date. The Group recognised compensation costs relating to the employee stock options plan of \$-, \$193, \$- and \$383 for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

B. Details of the share-based payment arrangements are as follows:

	For the six-month period	od ended June 30, 2021
	Number of options (in thousand units)	Weighted-average exercise price (in dollars)
Options outstanding at beginning of the period	2,129	\$ 44.90
Options forfeited	(303)	44.05
Options outstanding at end of the period	1,826	45.04
Options exercisable at end of the period	1,826	45.04
	For the six-month period	od ended June 30, 2020
	For the six-month period	od ended June 30, 2020 Weighted-average
	For the six-month period	<u> </u>
	•	Weighted-average
Options outstanding at beginning of the period	Number of options	Weighted-average exercise price
Options outstanding at beginning of the period Options forfeited	Number of options (in thousand units)	Weighted-average exercise price (in dollars)
	Number of options (in thousand units) 2,205	Weighted-average exercise price (in dollars) \$ 45.05

C. The expiry date, exercisable shares and exercise prices of the employee stock options at balance sheet date are as follows:

		June 30, 2021			December 3	1, 2	020
		No. of stocks	Exe	ercise price	No. of stocks	Exe	ercise price
Grant date	Expiry date	(unit in thousands)	<u>(i</u>	n dollars)	(unit in thousands)	(i	n dollars)
12.3.2013	12.2.2023	373	\$	74.50	427	\$	74.50
11.6.2015	11.5.2025	651		37.20	776		37.20
10.14.2016	10.13.2026	802		37.70	926		37.70
					June 30,	202	0
					No. of stocks	Exe	ercise price
Grant date	Expiry date				(unit in thousands)	(i	n dollars)
12.3.2013	12.2.2023				443	\$	74.50
11.6.2015	11.5.2025				802		37.20
10.14.2016	10.13.2026				749		37.70

D. The fair value of the Group's employee stock options on Grant Date was evaluated using the combination of Hull & White and the Ritchken trinomial option valuation model. Related information is as follows:

		Stock	Exercise					Fair value
Type of		price	price	Price	Option	Expected	Interest	per unit
arrangement	Grant date	(in dollars)	(in dollars)	volatility	life	dividends	rate	(in dollars)
Employee	12.3.2013	\$ 91.70	\$ 91.70	28.50%	10 years	1.5%	1.7145%	\$ 26.045
stock options				(Note)				
Employee	11.6.2015	41.65	41.65	37.63%	10 years	1.5%	1.2936%	13.799
stock options				(Note)				
Employee	10.14.2016	40.55	40.55	37.20%	10 years	1.5%	0.9223%	13.171
stock options				(Note)				

Note: According to daily returns of the Company's stock for the previous year, the annualized volatility is 28.50%, 37.63% and 37.20%, respectively.

(17) <u>RETAINED EARNINGS</u>

- A. Pursuant to the amended Articles of Incorporation, the current year's after-tax earnings should be used initially to cover any accumulated deficit; thereafter 10% of the remaining earnings should be set aside as legal reserve until the balance of legal reserve is equal to that of paid-in capital. The legal reserve shall be exclusively used to cover accumulated deficit, to issue new stocks, or to distribute cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash dividends to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in exceeds 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- B. Since the Company is in a changeable industry environment and the life cycle of the Company is in a stable growth, the appropriation of earnings should consider fund requirements and capital budget to decide how much earnings will be kept or distributed and how much cash dividends will be distributed. According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, 10% of the annual net income, after offsetting any loss of prior years and paying all taxes and dues, shall be set aside

- as legal reserve. The remaining net income and the unappropriated retained earnings from prior years can be distributed in accordance with a resolution passed during a meeting of the Board of Directors and approved at the stockholders' meeting. Of the amount to be distributed by the Company, stockholders' dividends shall comprise 50% to 100% of the unappropriated retained earnings, and the percentage of cash dividends shall not be less than 30% of dividends distributed.
- C. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve for the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings. The amounts previously set aside by the Company as special reserve on initial application of IFRSs in accordance with Order No. Financial-Supervisory-Securities-Corporate-1010012865, dated April 6, 2012, shall be reversed proportionately when the relevant assets are used, disposed of or reclassified subsequently.
- D. The Company recognised cash dividends distributed to owners amounting to \$213,500 (\$0.27 (in dollars) per share) for the year ended December 31, 2020. On June 26, 2021, the Company's stockholders approved the distribution of cash dividends of \$395,370 (\$0.5 (in dollars) per share) for the year 2020 through electronic voting.

(18) OTHER EQUITY ITEMS

	For	the six-m	onth	n period ended June	e 30,	2021
			Unı	realised gain (loss)		
	Currency train	nslation		on valuation		Total
At January 1	(\$	75,611)	\$	42,568	(\$	33,043)
Revaluation		-		89,644		89,644
Disposal of equity instruments at						
fair value through other						
comprehensive income		-	(27,314)	(27,314)
Currency translation differences	,	10.07.6			,	10.276
- Group	(19,376)			(19,376)
At June 30	(\$	94,987)	\$	104,898	\$	9,911
	For	the six-m	onth	n period ended June	e 30,	2020
			Unr	realised gain (loss)		
	Currency trai	nslation		on valuation		Total
At January 1	(\$	98,117)	\$	30,291	(\$	67,826)
Revaluation		-		184,065		184,065
Disposal of equity instruments at						
fair value through other						
comprehensive income		-	(11,152)	(11,152)
Currency translation differences						
- Group	(46,731)		<u>-</u>	(46,731)
At June 30	(\$	144,848)	\$	203,204	\$	58,356

(19) OPERATING REVENUE

A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods at a point in time and the rendering of services over time in the following major product lines:

		Injection	Technical	Other	
For the three-month period	API	Product	Servical	Operating	
ended June 30, 2021	Income	Income	Income	Income	Total
Timing of revenue					
recognition:					
At a point in time	\$ 704,102	\$ 20,194	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 724,296
Over time	· -	_	23,342	_	23,342
	\$ 704,102	\$ 20,194	\$ 23,342	\$ -	\$ 747,638
	· /	· ,	· /	<u>·</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		Techn	ical	Other	
For the three-month period	API	Servi	cal C	Operating	
ended June 30, 2020	Income	Inco	me	Income	Total
Timing of revenue					
recognition:					
At a point in time	\$ 874,439	\$	- \$	-	\$ 874,439
Over time		_ 2	5,607	8,034	33,641
	\$ 874,439	9 \$ 2	5,607 \$	8,034	\$ 908,080
		Injection	Technical	Other	
For the six-month period	API	Injection Product	Technical Servical	Other Operating	
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2021	API Income	•			Total
•		Product	Servical	Operating	Total
ended June 30, 2021		Product	Servical	Operating	Total
ended June 30, 2021 Timing of revenue		Product	Servical	Operating	Total \$ 1,335,476
ended June 30, 2021 Timing of revenue recognition:	Income	Product Income	Servical Income	Operating Income	\$ 1,335,476
ended June 30, 2021 Timing of revenue recognition: At a point in time	Income	Product Income	Servical Income \$ -	Operating Income \$ -	\$ 1,335,476 53,298
ended June 30, 2021 Timing of revenue recognition: At a point in time	\$ 1,315,282	Product Income \$ 20,194	Servical Income \$ - 42,023	Operating Income \$ - 11,275	\$ 1,335,476 53,298
ended June 30, 2021 Timing of revenue recognition: At a point in time	\$ 1,315,282	Product Income \$ 20,194	\$ - 42,023 \$ 42,023	Operating Income \$ - 11,275	\$ 1,335,476 53,298
ended June 30, 2021 Timing of revenue recognition: At a point in time Over time For the six-month period	Income \$ 1,315,282 \$ 1,315,282 API	Product Income \$ 20,194 \$ 20,194 Techn Service	\$ - 42,023 \$ 42,023	Operating Income \$ - 11,275 \$ 11,275 Other Operating	\$ 1,335,476 53,298 \$ 1,388,774
ended June 30, 2021 Timing of revenue recognition: At a point in time Over time	\$ 1,315,282 \$ 1,315,282	Product Income \$ 20,194 \$ 20,194 Techn	\$ - 42,023 \$ 42,023	Operating Income \$ - 11,275 \$ 11,275 Other	\$ 1,335,476 53,298
ended June 30, 2021 Timing of revenue recognition: At a point in time Over time For the six-month period	Income \$ 1,315,282 \$ 1,315,282 API	Product Income \$ 20,194 \$ 20,194 Techn Service	\$ - 42,023 \$ 42,023	Operating Income \$ - 11,275 \$ 11,275 Other Operating	\$ 1,335,476 53,298 \$ 1,388,774
ended June 30, 2021 Timing of revenue recognition: At a point in time Over time For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020	Income \$ 1,315,282 \$ 1,315,282 API	Product Income \$ 20,194 \$ 20,194 Techn Service	\$ - 42,023 \$ 42,023	Operating Income \$ - 11,275 \$ 11,275 Other Operating	\$ 1,335,476 53,298 \$ 1,388,774
ended June 30, 2021 Timing of revenue recognition: At a point in time Over time For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 Timing of revenue recognition: At a point in time	Income \$ 1,315,282 \$ 1,315,282 API	Product Income \$ 20,194 \$ 20,194 Techn Service Income	\$ - 42,023 \$ 42,023	S - 11,275 \$ 11,275 Other Operating Income	\$ 1,335,476 53,298 \$ 1,388,774
ended June 30, 2021 Timing of revenue recognition: At a point in time Over time For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 Timing of revenue recognition:	\$ 1,315,282 \$ 1,315,282 API Income	Product Income \$ 20,194 \$ 20,194 Techn Service Income	Servical Income \$ - 42,023 \$ 42,023 iical cal cal cal	S - 11,275 \$ 11,275 Other Operating Income	\$ 1,335,476 53,298 \$ 1,388,774 Total

B. The Group has recognised contract liabilities related to the contract revenue from advance customer payment of \$92,838, \$66,846, \$63,406 and \$55,985 as of June 30, 2021, December 31,

- 2020, June 30, 2020 and January 1, 2020, respectively.
- C. The revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period amounted to \$5,483, \$27,856, \$32,443 and \$35,129 for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

(20) INTEREST INCOME

For t	he three-month p	eriods ende	ed June 30,
	2021		2020
\$	4,629	\$	6,654
	-		
-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6,654
For			
			2020
\$	9,466	\$	13,502
	1 069		1 244
<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1,344
D	10,534	<u> </u>	14,846
For t	he three-month p	eriods ende	ed June 30,
	2021		2020
\$	1,509	\$	1,599
	-		273
	1,014		360
\$	2,523	\$	2,232
For	the six-month pe	eriods ended	l June 30,
	2021		2020
\$	2,956	\$	3,244
	2,513		273
	1,892		859
\$	7,361	\$	4,376
	\$ For to \$ For to \$ \$ For to \$ \$	2021 \$ 4,629 401 \$ 5,030 For the six-month per 2021 \$ 9,466 1,068 \$ 10,534 For the three-month per 2021 \$ 1,509 1,014 \$ 2,523 For the six-month per 2021 \$ 2,956 2,513 1,892	\$ 4,629 \$ \[\frac{401}{\$} \] \[\frac{5,030}{\$} \] \[\frac{2021}{\$} \] \[\frac{1,068}{\$} \] \[\frac{10,534}{\$} \] \[\frac{1}{\$} \] \[\frac{10,534}{\$} \] \[\frac{10,14}{\$} \] \[\frac{10,14}{

(22) OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

	For t	he three-month p	periods ende	ed June 30,
		2021		2020
Net gain on financial assets/liabilities				
at fair value through profit or loss	\$	5,803	\$	1,966
(Loss) gain on disposal of property, plant				
and equipment	(128)		126
Net currency exchange loss	(9,500)	(9,833)
Others	(1,205)	(1,539)
	(<u>\$</u>	5,030)	(<u>\$</u>	9,280)
	For	the six-month pe	eriods ended	l June 30,
		2021		2020
Net loss on financial assets/liabilities				
at fair value through profit or loss	(\$	1,694)	(\$	1,345)
(Loss) gain on disposal of property, plant				
and equipment	(113)		123
Net currency exchange loss	(6,706)	(5,759)
Gain on reversal of impairment loss		_		29
Others	(2,745)	(4,189)
	(<u>\$</u>	11,258)	(\$	11,141)
(23) <u>FINANCE COSTS</u>				
	For t	he three-month p		
		2021		2020
Interest expense:	_		_	
Bank loans	\$	40	\$	2,523
Interest on lease liabilities		1,589		1,809
				4,332
	For		eriods ended	
Interest expenses	-	2021	-	2020
-	¢	107	¢	4 070
	φ		φ	4,970 3,625
interest on lease natinities	<u>•</u>		<u>¢</u>	3,625 8,595
Interest expense: Bank loans Interest on lease liabilities	\$ For \$ \$	1,629 the six-month po 2021 107 3,186 3,293	\$ eriods ended \$ \$ \$	4 June 30 2020 4 3

(24) EXPENSES BY NATURE

/		For the three-	-mont	th period ended.	June	30, 2021
	Ope	erating costs	Ope	rating expenses		Total
Employee benefit expenses	\$	121,793	\$	96,998	\$	218,791
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		61,969		27,801		89,770
Depreciation of right-of-use assets		01,909		3,683		3,683
Amortisation		374		1,457		1,831
Amortisation	\$	184,136	\$	129,939	\$	314,075
	Ψ			th period ended .	_	
	One	erating costs		rating expenses	unc	Total
Employee benefit expenses	\$	118,350	\$	88,644	\$	206,994
Depreciation of property, plant and	Ψ	110,550	Ψ	00,044	Ψ	200,774
equipment		65,693		26,433		92,126
Depreciation of right-of-use assets		, -		3,694		3,694
Amortisation		987		1,634		2,621
	\$	185,030	\$	120,405	\$	305,435
		For the six-n	nonth	period ended Ju	ine 3	30, 2021
	Ope	erating costs	Ope	rating expenses		Total
Employee benefit expenses	\$	240,594	\$	196,910	\$	437,504
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		125,198		56,000		181,198
Depreciation of right-of-use assets		123,170		7,371		7,371
Amortisation		801		2,987		3,788
	\$	366,593	\$	263,268	\$	629,861
	<u>-</u>			period ended Ju		
	Оре	erating costs		rating expenses		Total
Employee benefit expenses	\$	225,238	\$	164,145	\$	389,383
Depreciation of property, plant and						
equipment		132,330		53,062		185,392
Depreciation of right-of-use assets		-		7,398		7,398
Amortisation		2,061		3,256		5,317
	\$	359,629	\$	227,861	\$	587,490

(25) EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

		For the three-	mon	th period ended.	June	30, 2021
	Op	perating costs	Ope	erating expenses		Total
Salaries and wages	\$	103,427	\$	82,451	\$	185,878
Labor and health insurance expenses		8,586		6,703		15,289
Pension costs		5,417		3,447		8,864
Other personnel expenses		4,363		4,397		8,760
	\$	121,793	\$	96,998	\$	218,791
		For the three-	mon	th period ended.	June	30, 2020
	Or	perating costs	Ope	erating expenses		Total
Salaries and wages	\$	103,200	\$	76,883	\$	180,083
Labor and health insurance expenses		7,401		4,966		12,367
Pension costs		3,685		2,692		6,377
Other personnel expenses		4,064		4,103		8,167
	\$	118,350	\$	88,644	\$	206,994
		For the six-n	nontl	h period ended Ju	une 3	30, 2021
	Or	perating costs	Ope	erating expenses		Total
Salaries and wages	\$	204,441	\$	166,519	\$	370,960
Labor and health insurance expenses		17,036		13,016		30,052
Pension costs		10,413		6,937		17,350
Other personnel expenses		8,704		10,438		19,142
	\$	240,594	\$	196,910	\$	437,504
		For the six-n	nontl	h period ended Ju	une 3	80, 2020
	Or	perating costs	Ope	erating expenses		Total
Salaries and wages	\$	193,805	\$	140,234	\$	334,039
Labor and health insurance expenses		15,169		10,076		25,245
Pension costs		8,412		5,727		14,139
Other personnel expenses		7,852		8,108		15,960
	\$	225,238	\$	164,145	\$	389,383

- A. According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' remuneration. The ratio shall not be lower than 2% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 2% for directors' remuneration.
- B. For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the employees' compensation was accrued at \$11,221, \$20,263, \$22,501 and \$25,072, respectively, while the directors' remuneration was accrued at \$1,633, \$2,918, \$3,257 and \$3,554, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognised in salary expenses. The expenses recognised for each year was accrued based on the earnings of current year and the percentage specified in the Articles of Incorporation of the Company. The actual amount approved at the Board of Directors' meeting for employees' compensation and directors' remuneration for 2020 totalled to \$43,210,

which is the same as the amount estimated in the 2020 financial statements. The employees' compensation was distributed in the form of cash for 2020. The directors' remuneration for 2020 has not yet been distributed as of June 30, 2021. Information about the appropriation of employees' compensation and directors' remuneration by the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(26) <u>INCOME TAX</u>

A. Income tax expense

Components of income tax expense:

	For th	e three-month p	periods e	ended June 30,
		2021		2020
Current income tax:				
Income tax in current year	\$	21,185	\$	43,708
(Over) under provision of prior year's				
income tax	(68)		1,297
Total current tax		21,117		45,005
Deferred income tax:				
Origination and reversal of temporary	,	4.70	,	4.0.40
differences	(150)	`	4,063)
Income tax expense	\$	20,967	\$	40,942
	For t	the six-month pe	eriods ei	nded June 30, 2020
Current income tax:				
Income tax in current year	\$	41,591	\$	59,332
(Over) under provision of prior year's				
income tax	(68)		4,404
Total current tax		41,523		63,736
Deferred income tax:				
Origination and reversal of temporary				
Origination and reversal of temporary differences		2,009	(9,280)

B. The Company's income tax returns through 2018 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority, and there were no disputes existing between the Company and the Authority as of August 10, 2021.

(27) EARNINGS PER SHARE ("EPS")

		For the three	-month period ended June 30	0, 20	21
			Weighted average number		
			of shares outstanding		EPS
	Amo	unt after tax	(shares in thousands)	(in	dollars)
Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary					
stockholders of the parent	\$	90,699	790,739	\$	0.11
Diluted earnings per share					_
Profit attributable to ordinary					
stockholders of the parent	\$	90,699	790,739		
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares					
Employees' stock options		-	-		
Employees' compensation			881		
Profit attributable to ordinary					
stockholders of the parent					
plus assumed conversion of all					
dilutive potential ordinary	Φ.	00.600	7 04 60 0	Φ.	0.11
shares	\$	90,699	791,620	\$ 200	0.11
		For the three	-month period ended June 3	0, 202	20
			Weighted average number		EDG
			of shares outstanding		EPS
D	Amo	unt after tax	(shares in thousands)	<u>(1n</u>	dollars)
Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary	Φ.	1.62.000	700 720	ф	0.20
stockholders of the parent	\$	162,099	790,739	\$	0.20
Diluted earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary	Ф	1.62.000	700 720		
stockholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all	\$	162,099	790,739		
dilutive potential ordinary					
shares					
shares Employees' stock options		-	-		
		- -	- 670		
Employees' stock options		- -	670		
Employees' stock options Employees' compensation		- -	670		
Employees' stock options Employees' compensation Profit attributable to ordinary		- -	- 670		
Employees' stock options Employees' compensation Profit attributable to ordinary stockholders of the parent		- -	670		

		For the six-	month period ended June 30	, 202	21
			Weighted average number		
			of shares outstanding		EPS
	Amo	unt after tax	(shares in thousands)	(in	dollars)
Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary					
stockholders of the parent	\$	180,937	790,739	\$	0.23
Diluted earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary					
stockholders of the parent	\$	180,937	790,739		
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares					
Employees' stock options		-	-		
Employees' compensation			1,475		
Profit attributable to ordinary					
stockholders of the parent					
plus assumed conversion of all					
dilutive potential ordinary					
shares	\$	180,937	792,214	\$	0.23
		For the six-	month period ended June 30	, 202	20
			Weighted average number		
			of shares outstanding		EPS
	Amo	unt after tax	(shares in thousands)	(in	dollars)
Basic earnings per share			(01111111111111111111111111111111111111	(11)	donars)
D C			(**************************************	(11)	<u> conars</u>
Profit attributable to ordinary			(333332)	<u>(III)</u>	<u>t donarsy</u>
stockholders of the parent	\$	197,455	790,739	\$	0.25
·	\$	197,455	·		
stockholders of the parent	\$	197,455	·		
stockholders of the parent <u>Diluted earnings per share</u>	<u>\$</u> \$	197,455 197,455	·		
stockholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary			790,739		
stockholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary stockholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary			790,739		
stockholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary stockholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			790,739		
stockholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary stockholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Employees' stock options			790,739		
stockholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary stockholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Employees' stock options Employees' compensation			790,739		
stockholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary stockholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Employees' stock options Employees' compensation Profit attributable to ordinary			790,739		
stockholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary stockholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Employees' stock options Employees' compensation Profit attributable to ordinary stockholders of the parent			790,739		

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, some abovementioned stock options issued are anti-dilutive; therefore they were not included in the diluted EPS calculation.

(28) SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

A. Investing activities with partial cash payments:

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,			
		2021		2020
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	\$	44,848	\$	17,784
Add: Beginning balance of payable on				
equipment (listed as "Other payables")		59,707		48,148
Less: Ending balance of payable on				
equipment (listed as "Other payables")	(38,531)	(39,858)
Cash paid for acquisition of property, plant				
and equipment	\$	66,024	\$	26,074
B. Investing activities with no cash flow effects:				
	F	For the six-month pe	riods e	ended June 30,
		2021		2020
(a) Prepayments for equipment reclassified to				
property, plant and equipment	\$	38,037	\$	20,533
(b) Cash dividends distribution	\$	395,370	\$	213,500

(29) CHANGES IN LIABILITIES FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

		hort-term orrowings		Lease abilities	d	uarantee leposits received	f	ilities from inancing vities-gross
At January 1, 2021	\$	9,494	\$	566,682	\$	1,300	\$	577,476
Changes in cash flow from financing activities Changes in other		30,464	(5,115)		1,835		27,184
non-cash items		-		7		-		7
At June 30, 2021	\$	39,958	\$	561,574	\$	3,135	\$	604,667
		ort-term crowings 1	Lease liabilitie	Long-s		Guarantee deposits received	f	bilities from inancing vities-gross
At January 1, 2020	\$	89,766 \$	606,03	4 \$ 144	4,234	\$ 87	\$	840,121
Changes in cash flow from financing activities Changes in other	(54,906) (4,932	2) 88	8,906	(87)		28,981
non-cash items	(1,423) (32,28	0) (5,217)		(38,920)
At June 30, 2020	\$	33,437 \$	568,82	\$ 22	7,923	\$ -	\$	830,182

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Parent and ultimate controlling party

The ultimate parent and ultimate controlling party of the Company is Uni-President Enterprises Corp.

(2) Names of related parties and relationshi
--

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Company					
Uni-President Enterprises Corp.	Ultimate parent company					
President Securities Corp.	Associate of ultimate parent company					

(3) Significant transactions and balances with related parties

Other expenses

Other expenses					
	For the three-month periods ended June 30,				
		2021	2020		
Management service fees:					
—Ultimate parent company	\$	2,982	\$	1,168	
-Associate of ultimate parent company		602		364	
	\$	3,584	\$	1,532	
	For t	he six-month pe	riods ended	l June 30,	
		2021		2020	
Management service fees:					
—Ultimate parent company	\$	4,261	\$	2,438	

1,201

5,462

879

3,317

(4) Key management compensation

-Associate of ultimate parent company

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,					
		2021	2020			
Salaries and other short-term employee				_		
benefits	\$	12,035	\$	14,989		
Share-based payments		-		39		
Post-employment benefits		152		180		
Termination benefits		368		368		
	\$	12,555	\$	15,576		

\$

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,						
		2021	2020				
Salaries and other short-term employee							
benefits	\$	24,137	\$	25,268			
Share-based payments		-		78			
Post-employment benefits		305		360			
Termination benefits		735		735			
	\$	25,177	\$	26,441			

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

Details of the Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

Assets	June	20, 2021	Decem	ber 31, 2020	June	e 30, 2020	Purpose of collateral
Restricted deposits (Note 1)	\$	47,067	\$	34,311	\$	-	Construction payment
							dispute (Note 1)
Time deposits (Note 2)							Customs duty and
		29,270		29,270		29,270	performance guarantee
	\$	76,337	\$	63,581	\$	29,270	

Note 1: Listed as "Other financial assets - current", and please refer to Note 9.

Note 2: Listed as "Other financial assets - non-current".

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT

COMMITMENTS

- (1) As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the Group's unused letters of credit amounted to \$892, \$7,536 and \$-, respectively.
- (2) As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the Group's remaining balance due for construction in progress and prepayments for equipment was \$91,905, \$69,181 and \$60,839, respectively.
- (3) The amounts of endorsements and guarantees for subsidiaries were as follows:

	Nature	June 30, 2021		<u>December 31, 2020</u>		June 30, 2020	
SciAnda (Changshu)	Guarantee for						
Pharmaceuticals, Ltd.	financing amount	\$	431,463	\$	1,005,928	\$	1,011,968
As of June 30, 2021, I	December 31, 2020 a	and J	une 30, 2020). the	actual amount o	drav	yn down for

As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the actual amount drawn down for endorsements and guarantees to subsidiaries was \$-, \$- and \$227,923, respectively.

- (4) In December 2020, SciAnda (Changshu) Pharmaceuticals, Ltd., a subsidiary of the Group, has been drawn into a construction payment dispute with Jiangsu Qian Construction Group Co., Ltd. The latter has filed for a provisional attachment of part of the Group's bank deposits with the district court until December 18, 2021. As of June 30, 2021, bank deposits totaling \$47,067 (CNY 10,909 thousand) has been frozen, and listed as "Other financial assets current". The case is under the People's Court of Changshu City in Jiangsu Province.
- 10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS: None.
- 11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE: None.

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives on managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders, to maintain an optimal capital structure, to reduce the cost of capital and to maintain an adequate capital structure to enable the expansion and enhancement of equipment. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return of capital to shareholders, and issue new

shares or sell assets to reduce debts.

(2) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments

For details of the Group's financial instruments by category, please refer to Note 6.

B. Risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.
- (b) The Group's treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks closely with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as use of derivative financial instruments and investment of excess liquidity.
- (c) Information about derivative financial instruments that are used to hedge financial risk are provided in Note 6(2).

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

I. Foreign exchange rate risk

- (i) The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to USD. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- (ii) To manage their foreign exchange risk arising from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities, entities in the Group are required to hedge their foreign exchange risk exposure using forward foreign exchange contracts. However, the Group does not adopt hedging accounting. Details of financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are provided in Note 6(2).
- (iii) The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other subsidiaries' functional currency: CNY). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

		Jur	ne 30, 2021		
	Foreig	gn currency		Book value	
	amount ((in thousands)	Exchange rate		(NTD)
(Foreign currency:					
functional currency)					
Financial assets					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	\$	13,897	27.86	\$	387,170
USD:CNY		60	6.457		387
EUR:NTD		46	33.15		1,525
Financial liabilities					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD		1,507	27.86		41,985
EUR:NTD		159	33.15		5,271
		Decei	mber 31, 2020		
	Foreig	gn currency		В	ook value
	amount ((in thousands)	Exchange rate		(NTD)
(Foreign currency:					
functional currency)					
<u>Financial assets</u>					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	\$	14,237	28.48	\$	405,470
USD:CNY		1,116	6.527		7,284
CNY:NTD		61	4.363		266
Financial liabilities					
Monetary items		050	20.40		27 212
USD:NTD		959 207	28.48		27,312
EUR:NTD		207	35.02		7,249
		Jur	ne 30, 2020		
	Foreig	gn currency		В	ook value
	amount ((in thousands)	Exchange rate		(NTD)
(Foreign currency:					
functional currency)					
Financial assets					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	\$	20,295	29.63	\$	601,341
USD:CNY		1,351	7.065		9,545
Financial liabilities					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD		171	29.63		5,067
EUR:NTD		28	33.27		932

- (iv) As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, if the NTD:USD exchange rate appreciates/depreciates by 5% with all other factors remaining constant, the Group's net profit after tax for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 would increase/decrease by \$13,808 and \$23,851, respectively. If the NTD:EUR and CNY:USD exchange rate appreciates/depreciates by 5% with all other factors remaining constant, the effect on the Group's net profit after tax for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 is immaterial.
- (v)Total exchange loss including realised and unrealised arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 amounted to \$9,500, \$9,833, \$6,706 and \$5,759, respectively.

II. Price risk

The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio and set stop-loss amounts for these instruments. The Group expects no significant market risk.

III. Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- (i) The Group's main interest rate risk arises from short-term and long-term borrowings with variable rates and exposes the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. During the sixmonth periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were denominated in USD and CNY.
- (ii) The Group's borrowings are measured at amortised cost. The borrowings are periodically contractually repriced and to that extent are also exposed to the risk of future changes in market interest rates.
- (iii) If the borrowing interest rates had increased/decreased by 10% with all other variables held constant, the effect on post-tax profit for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 is immaterial.

(b) Credit risk

- I. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms.
- II. The Group manages its credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties with a minimum rating of 'A' are accepted. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position,

- past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- III. The Group adopts the following assumption under IFRS 9: If the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
- IV. The Group manages its credit risk, whereby if the contract payments are past due over 180 days based on the terms, there has been impairment.
- V. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable in accordance with the credit rating of customer and credit risk on trade. The Group applies the simplified approach using the provision matrix to estimate expected credit loss, and use the forecastability to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable. Movements in relation to the Group applying the simplified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,					
	2021		2	2020		
At January 1	\$	39	\$	258		
(Gain on reversal of) expected credit losses		4	(157)		
At June 30	\$	43	\$	101		

(c) Liquidity risk

- I. Cash flow forecasting is performed by the Group's treasury department which monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities.
- II. The Group has undrawn borrowing facilities amounting to \$4,799,651, \$5,512,050 and \$5,469,004 as of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, respectively.
- III. The following table comprises the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and derivative financial liabilities with gross-amount settlement that are grouped by their maturity. Non-derivative financial liabilities are analysed from the balance sheet date to the contract maturity date, and derivative financial liabilities are analysed from the balance sheet date to the expected maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

			Between 1	Between 2	More than
June 30, 2021	Less	than 1 year	and 2 years	and 5 years	5 years
Non-derivative financial					
liabilities:					
Short-term borrowings	\$	40,045	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Notes payable		1,923	-	-	-
Accounts payable		144,507	-	-	-
Other payables		725,070	-	-	-
Lease liabilities		16,602	15,579	45,712	647,582
Guarantee deposits received		-	3,135	_	-
Derivative financial liabilities:					
Forward exchange		341	-	-	-
-			Between 1	Between 2	More than
December 31, 2020	Less	than 1 year	and 2 years	and 5 years	5 years
Non-derivative financial					
liabilities:					
Short-term borrowings	\$	9,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Notes payable		1,173	-	-	-
Accounts payable		159,671	-	-	-
Other payables		362,821	-	-	-
Lease liabilities		16,599	16,259	45,712	655,200
Guarantee deposits received		-	1,300	-	-
Derivative financial liabilities:					
Forward exchange		2,172	-	-	_
Č		,	Between 1	Between 2	More than
June 30, 2020	Less	than 1 year	and 2 years	and 5 years	5 years
Non-derivative financial				·	
liabilities:					
Short-term borrowings	\$	34,487	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Notes payable		1,803	-	-	-
Accounts payable		132,853	-	-	-
Other payables		554,618	-	-	-
Long-term borrowings		232,190	-	-	-
Lease liabilities		15,393	15,237	45,712	662,819
		•	•	*	•

(3) Fair value information

A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks is included in Level 1.

- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of the Group's investment in foreign exchange contracts is included in Level 2.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity investment without active market is included in Level 3.
- B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortised cost - current, accounts receivable, other receivables, other financial assets - current, guarantee deposits paid, other financial assets - non-current, short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables, long-term borrowings (including current portion) and guarantee deposits received are approximate to their fair values.

C. The related information on financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities are as follows:

June 30, 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Assets:						
Recurring fair value measurements						
Financial assets at fair value through						
other comprehensive income						
Equity securities	\$ 166,600	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$ 185,203</u>	\$ 351,803		
Liabilities:						
Recurring fair value measurements						
Financial liabilities at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Derivative instruments	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 341</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ 341</u>		
December 31, 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Assets:						
Recurring fair value measurements						
Financial assets at fair value through						
other comprehensive income						
Equity securities	\$ 188,160	\$ -	\$ 119,955	\$ 308,115		
Liabilities:						
Recurring fair value measurements						
Financial liabilities at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Derivative instruments	\$ -	\$ 2,172	\$ -	\$ 2,172		

June 30, 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Assets:					
Recurring fair value measurements					
Financial assets at fair value through					
profit or loss					
Derivative instruments	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 405</u>	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$ 405</u>	
Financial assets at fair value through					
other comprehensive income					
Equity securities	\$ 419,267	<u>\$_</u>	\$ 153,475	<u>\$ 572,742</u>	

- D. The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:
 - (a) The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as its fair values (that is, Level 1) is listed below by characteristics:

Market quoted price Listed shares
Closing price

- (b) Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods, including calculated by applying model using market information available at the consolidated balance sheet date.
- (c) When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, for example, debt instruments without active market, interest rate swap contracts, foreign exchange swap contracts and options, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.
- (d) Forward foreign exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
- E. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- F. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,							
		2021	2020					
	Equi	ity instrument	Ec	Equity instrument				
At January 1	\$	119,955	\$	143,458				
Gain recognised in other comprehensive								
income		65,248		10,017				
At June 30	\$	185,203	\$	153,475				

G. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, there was no transfer in (out) Level 3.

- H. The Group's valuation procedures for fair value measurements is categorised within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the resource of information is independent, reliable and in line with other resources and represented as the exercisable price, and frequently assess to make any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.
- I. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

			Significant	Range	Relationship		
	Fair value at	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	of inputs to		
	June 30, 2021	technique	input	average)	fair value		
Non-derivative equity instrument: Unlisted shares	\$ 185,203	Net asset value	Not applicable	_	The higher the net asset value, the higher the fair value		
			Significant	Range	Relationship		
	Fair value at	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	of inputs to		
	December 31, 202	0 technique	input	average)	fair value		
Non-derivative equity instrument: Unlisted shares	\$ 119,955	Net asset value	Not applicable	_	The higher the net asset value,		
					the higher the fair value		
	Fair value at June 30, 2020	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value		
Non-derivative equity instrument:							
Unlisted shares	\$ 153,475	Net asset value	Not applicable	_	The higher the net asset value, the higher the fair value		

J. The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. If the net assets value increased or decreased by 1% for Level 3, however, the effect on other comprehensive income for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 is

immaterial.

(4) Others

In response to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the government's multiple pandemic prevention programs, the Group has implemented measures related to work place sanitation management, continued to manage related matters and implemented a staggered work schedule to operate all its plants and management units in cooperation with the "Guidelines for Enterprise Planning of Business Continuity in Response to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)". There were no significant adverse effects on various operations. In addition, the Company has postponed its annual shareholders' meeting, which was originally scheduled on June 29, 2021, to July 21, 2021 in accordance with the "Measures for Public Companies to Postpone Shareholders' Meetings for Pandemic Prevention" published by the FSC.

13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

According to the current regulatory requirements, the Group is only required to disclose the information for the six-month period ended June 30, 2021.

(1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: None.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 1.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 2.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 3.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Please refer to Note 6(2).
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 4.

(2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 5.

(3) <u>Information on investments in Mainland China</u>

- A. Basic information: Please refer to table 6.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Please refer to table 1 and table 4.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 7.

14. <u>SEGMENT INFORMATION</u>

(1) General information

The management of the Group has identified the operating segments based on how the Company's Chief Operating Decision-Maker regularly reviews information in order to make decisions. The Chief Operating Decision-Maker manages the Group's business from geographical and functional perspectives. Geographically, the Group focuses on its sales business in the U.S., Europe and Asia. In addition, the Group categorized its business units into manufacture, sales, research and development and investment management functions, and combines its segments that meet the disclosure threshold as "Others".

(2) Segment information

The segment information provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2021										
	ScinoPharm	SciAnda (Changshu	ı)								
	Taiwan, Ltd.	Pharmaceuticals Lt	<u>d.</u> _	Others	Total						
Segment revenue	\$ 1,333,427	\$ 343,14	41 \$	10,650	\$1,687,218						
Revenue from internal customers	20,958	272,62	22	4,864	298,444						
Revenue from external customers	1,312,469	70,5	19	5,786	1,388,774						
Interest income	9,043	1,4′	73	18	10,534						
Depreciation and amortisation	138,354	53,6	77	326	192,357						
Interest expense	3,293		-	-	3,293						
Income (loss) from segment before											
income tax	261,987	(5,50	51)	149	256,575						
Segment assets	10,425,539	1,828,0	10	23,963	12,277,512						
Other acquisition of non-current assets	86,685	31,22	28	1,872	119,785						
Segment liabilities	1,664,496	126,99	97	4,441	1,795,934						

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020										
	ScinoPharm	SciAnda (Changshu)									
	Taiwan, Ltd.	Pharmaceuticals Ltd.	Others	Total							
Segment revenue	\$ 1,443,795	\$ 186,848	\$ 9,883	\$1,640,526							
Revenue from internal customers	17,921	167,331	4,671	189,923							
Revenue from external customers	1,425,874	19,517	5,212	1,450,603							
Interest income	10,955	314	3,577	14,846							
Depreciation and amortisation	144,366	53,663	78	198,107							
Interest expense	3,625	4,970	-	8,595							
Income (loss) from segment before											
income tax	303,733	(36,422)	4,711	272,022							
Segment assets	10,118,654	1,684,965	432,870	12,236,489							
Other acquisition of non-current assets	61,012	11,567	154	72,733							
Segment liabilities	1,400,500	372,520	1,013	1,774,033							

(3) Reconciliation for segment

A. The sales between segments were at arms' length. The external revenues reported to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker adopt the same measurement basis for revenues in statement of comprehensive income. The reconciliations of pre-tax income between reportable segments and continuing operations were as follows:

	Fo	or the six-month pe	riods ended June 30,			
	2021			2020		
Reportable segments profit before						
income tax	\$	256,426	\$	267,311		
Other segments income before						
income tax		149		4,711		
Internal segments transaction elimination	(32,106)	()	20,111)		
Profit before income tax	\$	224,469	\$	251,911		

B. The amount of total assets provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker adopts the same measurement for assets in the Group's financial statements. A reconciliation of assets of reportable segments and total assets is as follows:

		June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020			
Assets of reportable segments	\$	12,253,549 \$	11,803,619			
Assets of other operating segments		23,963	432,870			
Internal segment transaction elimination	(199,116) (128,110)			
Total assets	\$	12,078,396 \$	12,108,379			

C. The amount of total liabilities provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker adopts the same measurement for liabilities in the Group's financial statements. A reconciliation of liabilities of reportable segments and total liabilities is as follows:

	June 30, 2021			June 30, 2020			
Liabilities of reportable segments	\$	1,791,493	\$	1,773,020			
Liabilities of other operating segments		4,441		1,013			
Internal segment transaction elimination	(102,776)	(47,270)			
Total liabilities	\$	1,693,158	\$	1,726,763			

Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2021

Table 1 Expressed in thousands of NTD

									Ratio of					
		Party be	ina						accumulated					
		endorsed/guaranteed							endorsement/					
	endorsed/guaranteed		aranteed	Limit on	Maximum				guarantee	Ceiling on	Provision of	Provision of	Provision of	
			Relationship	endorsements/	outstanding	Outstanding		Amount of	amount to net	total amount of	endorsements/	endorsements/	endorsements/	
			with the	guarantees	endorsement/	endorsement/		endorsements/	asset value of	endorsements/	guarantees by	guarantees by	guarantees to	
			endorser/	provided for a	guarantee	guarantee		guarantees	the endorser/	guarantees	parent	subsidiary to	the party in	
	Endorser/		guarantor	single party	as of	amount at	Actual amount	secured with	guarantor	provided	company to	parent	Mainland	
Number	guarantor	Company name	(Note 1)	(Note 2)	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021	drawn down	collateral	company	(Note 2)	subsidiary	company	China	Footnote
0	ScinoPharm	SciAnda	1	\$ 10,385,238	\$ 1,441,626	\$ 431,463	\$ -	\$ -	4.15%	\$ 10,385,238	Y	N	Y	_
	Taiwan,	(Changshu)												
	Ltd.	Pharmaceuticals,												
		Ltd.												

Note 1: The following code represents the relationship with the Company:

1.A company in which the Company directly and indirectly holds 50% of the voting shares.

Note 2: 1. The limit of total amount of endorsement is 50% of the Company's net worth, for 100% directly or indirectly owned subsidiaries, the maximum amount is 100% of its net worth.

The limit of total amount of the Group's endorsement and guarantee is 100% of the Group's net worth.

2. For any endorsement or guarantee provided by the Company due to business dealings, the amount of endorsement or guarantees shall be limited to the business dealing amount of the most recent year or the current year. The business dealing amount is product purchase or sale amount between the entities, whichever is higher.

Note 3: The numbers in the table that involves foreign currencies are expressed in New Taiwan Dollars according to the exchange rate posted on the date of the consolidated financial statements (CNY:NTD 1:4.315; USD:NTD 1:27.86).

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

June 30, 2021

Table 2 Expressed in thousands of NTD

		Relationship with the	General	As of June 30, 2021						
Securities held by	Marketable securities	securities issuer	ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote		
	Stocks:									
ScinoPharm Taiwan, Ltd.	Tanvex Biologics, Inc.	The Company is a director of Tanvex Biologics, Inc.	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	28,800,000	\$ 185,203	16.84% \$	185,203	_		
	Foresee Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	1,700,000	166,600	1.45%	166,600	_		
	SYNGEN, INC.	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	245,000	-	7.40%	-	-		
SciAnda (Changshu) Pharmaceuticals, Ltd.	Structured Products: Fubon Bank (China) Co., Ltd. Structured Products	_	Financial assets at amortised cost - current	-	43,146	-	-	_		

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2021

Table 3 Expressed in thousands of NTD

Differences in transaction terms compared to third party

				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
				Transaction					transa	ctions	<u>N</u>	Notes/accounts	receivable (payable)	
													Percentage of	
		Relationship with				Percentage of total							total notes/accounts	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	the counterparty	Purchases (sales))	Amount	purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit	price	Credit term		Balance	receivable (payable)	Footnote
ScinoPharmTaiwan, Ltd.	SciAnda (Changshu) Pharmaceuticals, Ltd.	Subsidary	Purchases	\$	271,634	56%	Closes its accounts 90 days from the end of each month	\$	-	_	(\$	93,394)	(46%)	_
SciAnda (Changshu) Pharmaceuticals, Ltd	ScinoPharm Taiwan, Ltd.	The Company	(Sales)	(271,634)	(79%)	Closes its accounts 90 days from the end of each month		-	_		93,394	98%	_

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2021

Table 4 Expressed in thousands of NTD

Number (Note 2)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 3)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 4)
(Note 2)	Company name	Counterparty	(Note 3)	General ledger account	 Alliount	Transaction terms	revenues of total assets (Note 4)
0	ScinoPharm Taiwan, Ltd.	SciAnda (Changshu) Pharmaceuticals, Ltd.	1	Purchases	\$ 271,634	Closes its accounts 90 days from the end of each month	20%
0	ScinoPharm Taiwan, Ltd.	SciAnda (Changshu) Pharmaceuticals, Ltd.	1	Accounts payable	93,394	_	1%
0	ScinoPharm Taiwan, Ltd.	SciAnda (Changshu) Pharmaceuticals, Ltd.	1	Endorsements and guarantees	431,463	_	4%

Note 1: Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods are not disclosed since these were corresponding transactions. Only transactions over NT\$10 million are material.

Note 2: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

- (1) Parent company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 3: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:

- (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
- (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
- (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 4: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

Note 5: The numbers in the table that involves foreign currencies are expressed in New Taiwan Dollars according to the exchange rate posted on the date of the consolidated financial statements (CNY:NTD 1:4.315; USD:NTD 1:27.86).

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China)

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2021

Table 5 Expressed in thousands of NTD

				 Initial invest	men	it amount	Shares held as at June 30, 2021				Net profit (loss) of the investee for the	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company		
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	 Balance as at June 30, 2021		Balance as at ecember 31, 2020	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	si	ix-month period ended June 30, 2021	for the six-month period ended June 30, 2021	Footnote	
ScinoPharm Taiwan, Ltd.	SPT International, Ltd.	Tortola, British Virgin Islands	Professional investment	\$ 3,302,097	\$	3,302,097	118,524,644	100.00	\$ 1,624,066	(\$	5,422)	(\$ 37,528)	Subsidiary	
ScinoPharm Taiwan, Ltd.	ScinoPharm Singapore Pte Ltd.	Singapore	Professional investment	-		-	2	100.00	129		4	4	Subsidiary	

Note: Initial investment amount in the table that involves foreign currencies are expressed in New Taiwan Dollars according to exchange rate posted on the date of consolidated financial statements (USD: NTD 1:27.86).

<u>Information on investments in Mainland China – Basic information</u>

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2021

Table 6 Expressed in thousands of NTD

					rem	ecumulated amount of aittance from Faiwan to ainland China	Mai Amou to Taiwan fo	inland nt rer	I from Taiwan to d China/ mitted back six-month period e 30, 2021		Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to	in	Vet income of avestee for the temorth period	Ownership held by the Company		nvestment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six-month period ended		Book value of nvestments in	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to	
Investee in				Investment	as o	of January 1,	Remitted to	,	Remitted back to	N	Mainland China as of		ended	(direct or		June 30, 2021	Ma	ainland China as	Taiwan as of	
Mainland China	Main business activities	Pa	id-in capital	method		2021	Mainland Chi	na	Taiwan		June 30, 2021	Jı	une 30, 2021	indirect)		(Note 2)	of	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021	Footnote
SciAnda (Changshu) Pharmaceuticals, Ltd.	Research, development, and manufacture of API and new drugs, sale produced products, etc.	\$	3,245,690	(Note 1)	\$	3,238,012	\$	- 5	-	\$	3,238,012	(\$	5,561)	100%	(\$	5,561)	\$	1,701,013	\$ -	Subsidary (Note 2)
SciAnda Shanghai Biochemical Technology, Ltd.	Import, export and sales of API and intermediates, etc.		33,432	(Note 1)		33,432		-	-		33,432		229	100%		229		16,253	-	Subsidary (Note 3)
	Accumulated amount of	Inv	vestment amou	ant approved		Ceiling on in	vestments in													

	1 100 01111010	ica umoum or	111 , 00	ameni amouni approved		ing on investments in		
	remittance	e from Taiwan	by the	Investment Commission	Mainland China imposed by the			
	to Mair	land China	of the	e Ministry of Economic	Inves	tment Commission of		
Company name	as of Ju	ne 30, 2021		Affairs (MOEA)		MOEA (Note 4)		
ScinoPharm	\$	3,305,548	\$	3,305,548	\$	6,231,143		
T-1 I 4.1								

Taiwan, Ltd.

Note 1: Indirect investment in Mainland China through a company set up in a third region, SPT International, Ltd.

Note 2: The investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six-month period ended June 30, 2021 was based on reviewed financial statements of investee companies as of and for six-month period ended June 30, 2021.

Note 3: The investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six-month period ended June 30, 2021 was based on unreviewed financial statements of investee companies as of and for six-month period ended June 30, 2021.

Note 4: The ceiling amount is 60% of the higher of net worth or consolidated net worth.

Note 5: The numbers in the table that involves foreign currencies are expressed in New Taiwan Dollars according to the exchange rate posted on the date of the consolidated financial statements (USD:NTD 1:27.86).

Major shareholders information

June 30, 2021

Table 7 Expressed in shares

Name of the key shareholder	Common stock	Preferred stock	Ownership (%)	Footnote
Uni-President Enterprises Corp.	299, 968, 639	_	37. 94%	_
National Development Fund, Executive Yuan	109, 539, 014	_	13. 85%	_

Note: The major shareholders information was derived from the data that the Company issued common shares (including treasury shares) and preference shares in dematerialised form which were registered and held by the shareholders above 5% on the last operating date of each quarter and was calculated by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation.

The share capital which was recorded in the financial statements is different from the actual number of shares issued in dematerialised form because of the difference in the calculation basis.